

CO4	K4	14a.	Distinguish Between Correlation and Regression. (OR)																						
CO4	K4	14b.	Calculate the rank correlation co-efficient between 'X' and 'Y' variables. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>10</td> <td>20</td> <td>35</td> <td>14</td> <td>18</td> <td>21</td> <td>16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y</td> <td>15</td> <td>25</td> <td>18</td> <td>19</td> <td>20</td> <td>26</td> <td>27</td> </tr> </table>	X	10	20	35	14	18	21	16	Y	15	25	18	19	20	26	27						
X	10	20	35	14	18	21	16																		
Y	15	25	18	19	20	26	27																		
CO5	K5	15a.	The table below presents the average fares per railway journey. Using 2010 average = 100, calculations are made according to base year weights. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Class of Ticket</th> <th rowspan="2">No. of passenger journeys in 2010 (in million)</th> <th colspan="2">Fare</th> </tr> <tr> <th>2010</th> <th>2020</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Full Fare</td> <td>23</td> <td>12</td> <td>60</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Excursions</td> <td>25</td> <td>6</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Festival</td> <td>20</td> <td>4</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Season tickets</td> <td>32</td> <td>5</td> <td>14</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Class of Ticket	No. of passenger journeys in 2010 (in million)	Fare		2010	2020	Full Fare	23	12	60	Excursions	25	6	30	Festival	20	4	15	Season tickets	32	5	14
Class of Ticket	No. of passenger journeys in 2010 (in million)	Fare																							
		2010	2020																						
Full Fare	23	12	60																						
Excursions	25	6	30																						
Festival	20	4	15																						
Season tickets	32	5	14																						
CO5	K5	15b.	(OR) Write short note on Moving Average Method																						

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	SECTION - C (5 X 8 = 40 Marks) Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b)																																		
CO1	K3	16a.	The ratio of income of two persons is 10:6 and that of their expenditures is 8:10. If they save of Rs. 5,200 and Rs. 3,600 respectively. Calculate their income. (OR)																																		
CO1	K3	16b.	The first, second and fourth terms of a proportion are 16, 24 and 54 respectively. Calculate the third term.																																		
CO2	K4	17a.	Mr. Sachin borrowing Rs.12000 for 4 years at compound interest rate of 8% p.a. How much will he have to repay at the end of the period. (OR)																																		
CO2	K4	17b.	Harsh opened a recurring deposit in a bank for 4 years with payments of Rs. 5,000 paid at the end of every year. Find the money he will get at the end of period with 6% p.a																																		
CO3	K4	18a.	Consider the following frequency distribution. Calculate the mean weight of students. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Weight (in kg)</td> <td>31-35</td> <td>36 - 40</td> <td>41 - 45</td> <td>46 - 50</td> <td>51 - 55</td> <td>56 - 60</td> <td>61 - 65</td> <td>66 - 70</td> <td>71 - 75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Number of Students</td> <td>9</td> <td>6</td> <td>15</td> <td>3</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </table>	Weight (in kg)	31-35	36 - 40	41 - 45	46 - 50	51 - 55	56 - 60	61 - 65	66 - 70	71 - 75	Number of Students	9	6	15	3	1	2	2	1	1														
Weight (in kg)	31-35	36 - 40	41 - 45	46 - 50	51 - 55	56 - 60	61 - 65	66 - 70	71 - 75																												
Number of Students	9	6	15	3	1	2	2	1	1																												
CO3	K4	18b.	The mean and standard deviation of 200 items are found to be 60 and 20 respectively? If at the time of calculation two items were wrongly taken as 3 and 67 instead of 13 and 17. Find the correct mean and standard deviation What is the correct coefficient of variation?																																		
CO4	K5	19a.	The following data gives the marks obtained by 10 students in accountancy and statistics. find the coefficient of correlation. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Accountancy</td> <td>45</td> <td>70</td> <td>65</td> <td>30</td> <td>90</td> <td>40</td> <td>50</td> <td>75</td> <td>85</td> <td>60</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Statistics</td> <td>35</td> <td>90</td> <td>70</td> <td>40</td> <td>95</td> <td>40</td> <td>60</td> <td>80</td> <td>80</td> <td>50</td> </tr> </table>	Accountancy	45	70	65	30	90	40	50	75	85	60	Statistics	35	90	70	40	95	40	60	80	80	50												
Accountancy	45	70	65	30	90	40	50	75	85	60																											
Statistics	35	90	70	40	95	40	60	80	80	50																											
CO4	K5	19b.	A student obtained the following two regression equation. Do you agree with him? $6X=15Y+21$; $21X+14Y=56$																																		
CO5	K5	20a.	Calculate Laspeyres' and Paasche's Index Number from the following data <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Items</th> <th colspan="2">Base year</th> <th colspan="2">Current year</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Price (Rs.)</th> <th>Quantity</th> <th>Price (Rs.)</th> <th>Quantity</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>20</td> <td>7</td> <td>25</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>42</td> <td>6</td> <td>40</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>30</td> <td>17</td> <td>25</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>8</td> <td>15</td> <td>14</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E</td> <td>10</td> <td>8</td> <td>13</td> <td>5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Items	Base year		Current year		Price (Rs.)	Quantity	Price (Rs.)	Quantity	A	20	7	25	9	B	42	6	40	8	C	30	17	25	4	D	8	15	14	10	E	10	8	13	5
Items	Base year		Current year																																		
	Price (Rs.)	Quantity	Price (Rs.)	Quantity																																	
A	20	7	25	9																																	
B	42	6	40	8																																	
C	30	17	25	4																																	
D	8	15	14	10																																	
E	10	8	13	5																																	
CO5	K5	20b.	Using three year moving averages determines the trend and short-term fluctuation. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Year</td> <td>1983</td> <td>1984</td> <td>1985</td> <td>1986</td> <td>1987</td> <td>1988</td> <td>1989</td> <td>1990</td> <td>1991</td> <td>1992</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Production</td> <td>21</td> <td>22</td> <td>23</td> <td>25</td> <td>24</td> <td>22</td> <td>25</td> <td>26</td> <td>27</td> <td>26</td> </tr> </table>	Year	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	Production	21	22	23	25	24	22	25	26	27	26												
Year	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992																											
Production	21	22	23	25	24	22	25	26	27	26																											